les proponit Clar. Dn. Clark in Epist. sua, 18. Maji. 1668. Transactionibus Philosophicis inserta) vel etiam Parenchymatale, quale in Epist. sua 10. Maji, 1669. describit, reperiatur. In hunc fere modum reliquorum Animalium Testiculos disolvere possum, câ tamen diversitate, ut in nonnullorum Testibus aliqua membranula tenuissima, & in quorundam, radix praterea Epidi-

dymidis Highmori remaneat.

So farr these two industrious Physicians; which though it looks very fair to evince, that the Testes of Animals are made up of nothing but Vessels and their liquors, yet doth our Learned and Inquisitive Dr. Timethy Clarck, and divers other Ingenious and expert Anttomists and Physicians still doubt, whether that be so indeed, considering that not only it cannot be denved, that this curious heap of Strings or suppos'd Vessels was at first cov'red all over with a Mucous matter (which in fo fine and tender a part may well be thought to serve for a parenchyma,) but also that Monsieur de Graeff must himself grant, that in the said part there are found certain smal Membrans besides those Vessels, he is afferting; such another substance being conceived to be highly necessary to serve for a medium, whereby that compounded liquor, which from the greater Vessel pasfeth into the minute arteries, nerves and lympheducts of the testes, may be secreted, and according to the different nature and figure of their several particles conveyed into those several small and subtil v sfels.

An Extract of a Letter

Written by the Learned Dr. William Durston, Physitian at Plimouth. to the Right Honorable the Lord Vice-Count Br uncker as President of the R. Society; concerning a very sudden and excessive Swelling of a Womans Breasts.

My Lord

Lord Ambassed to the common is of the Right Honorable the Lord Ambassed dour for Barbary, I present your Lordship with a Phamonenon and matter of toot in Nature, which, for its rarity and prodigiousness, may, with a lesser check to me from your Lordship for the presumption, and a lesser regret for the avocation.

avocation, obtain the favour of your perusal. The thing is evident, and shews itself, and can w thall be attested by thoufands, but above all the rest by his Excellency, the said Lord Ambessadour, who was an Eye-witness of it, and imposed this task on me, of giving your Lordship a perfect Narrative of the wonder, which is as follows:

Elizabeth Trevers, 23. or 24. years of age, fair of complexion, brown-hair'd, of an healthy constitution, low of stature, of honest repute, but of mean and poor parentage, near this Town, was on Friday July 3d. 1669. in good health, and went well to bed, where she took as good rest and sleep, as ever before, but in the morning, when the awaken'd, and attempred to turn herself in her bed, was not able, finding her Bre: sts so swell'd, that she was affrighted to an astonishment. Then endeavoring to sit up, the weight of her B. eists fastned her to her bed; where the hath layn ever fince, yet whithout all pain and weakness either in her Breasts, or in any other

part.

This being nois'd abroad, several Physicians and Chyrurgions reforted to her: some proposed cutting off her Breasts, which I was wholly against, advising for the present only an emollient and temperately warme fotus, and once gave her a Bolus with * * * * *; upon the taking of which she had ten motions deorsum, and the swelling somewhat abated; but the Maid was so weaken'd upon it for 2, or 3, days after, that I durst not attempt any thing of that nature fince; fed quia pasa fuit suppressionem mensium per sex retro menses, Diuretica non nulla, & sanguinis menstrui prolectamenta prascripsi, i tending also Phlebo-The Tubuli or pipes of the Br alts are all very hard and swelled; and indeed the whole breasts seem to be nothing else but those tubuli, and little or nothing of wind or water. As near as we can guels, the left breaft weighs about 25, pounds, but the right somewhat less. And the skin of the Bick, Neck and Belly seem to be drawn towards the Breasts to serve for the distension. The measures of the Breasts are thefig The

(1049)

See Fig. 111.	Feet.	Ench
The Circumference of the right Breast	2.	7
Or the left Breast	3.	I
The length of the right Breast from the Coller	r-bone r.	5 🖥
The length of the left Brest	I.	7 \$
The breadth of the right Breast as it lyes	I,	ï
The breadth of the left	I.	4 :
The Court of the Land of the Court of the Co	1.1.11	. , "

Thus farr, My lord, the matter of fact, faithfully related.

Now what should occasion those monstrous tumors of the whole Breasts, and that so suddenly in one night, keeps us in great suspence. There occurs nothing in this point satisfactory in the writings of Platerus, Rhodericus a Castro, Fontanus, Forestus, or any other of the Moderns, that I have seen, writing de Morbis Mulierum, suitable to what may be offer'd upon the Data of the Circulation of the Blood, the Lymphæducts, and the Vasa Chylisera Thoracica, and probably some Capillary vessels branching thence (in their progress to the Sub-clavials) through the Intercostal Muscles into the Breasts. I humbly beg pardon for this tedicusness &c.

Plymouth, July 10, 1669.

This Narrative having been produced and read at the R. So ciety, and the Author of it thanked for his communication, and desired to impart what he should further observe in this very odd Accident, he was pleased to write, some while after, a second Letter to the Publisher, as follows:

ci.

Had written to you ere this, but that I unhappily mislaid your Letter among other papers; but having, after much search, found it again, I return the Most Honorable Society and you my very humble thanks for your invitation of me to continue my Observations about the vnusuall swelling of the Breasts, heretofore described.

About the beginning of this month, our prodigious woman in Coughing brought up at several times some blood; but this I soon took off; and at that time there appeared several cutaneous ulcers upon her Breasts and other parts, & abunde in verendis (ut à sæminis edocebar) which last I cured; but those on her breasts in part remain, and daily discharge, by the sole ap-

G gggg

plication

plication of Cole-leaves, good quantity of fanious matter. And the Patient complaining also at that time of grievous interjunchure pains, especially vpon the Tibia, I suspected &c. and applyed Empl. de Ran, * * * and gave her 3. succeeding mornings * * * for a dose. The third day, it wrought sursum & deorsum pretty briskly; after which her pains vanish's and many of those vicuscula; and her breasts (which, since her Case: formerly fent up, were grown confiderably bigger and very painful) much less ned, and her pains also; and she, though drooping much before, and out of hopes of life, exceedingly revived. This indicated to me, what I was further to do for Igave her on funday last * * *; which wrought upward plentifully; and the daily gets strength since, and her Breasts abate. I designe to salivate her, in hopes to correct that vitious ferment, which is spued out of the Genus nervolum into the Breasts, and contributes much to those tumors. But I shalk now stop my han!, &c.

Plymouth Septemb. 17. 1669.

Some Reflexions.

Made on the enlarged Accompt of Dr Witties Answer to Hydrologia Chymica in Numb 51, of these Tracts; chiefly concerning the Cause of the sudden loss of the vertues of Mineral waters.

These Notes were made by the Learned Dr Daniel Foot, in a friendly Letter of his (dated Ostober 11th. 1669.) to the Publisher, as follows.

Sir

Our less publishe Transactions N° 51, have administered the occasion, and the Candour, I know you possess, hath encouraged me to give you this trouble. In your enlarged accompt of D. Witties Answer to Hydrol. Chymica, p. 1039. 1. 21. you av; This I had not here mentioned but to introduce our Authors weighty remark; That these waters loose all their virtue, yea their quant and bulk also, though in Glasses and under the Hermetick seal, if removed from the fountain head &cc. New, Sir, its a truth, it not universally, yet generally known and assented to by unlearned as well as learned, that some sore of Medicinal

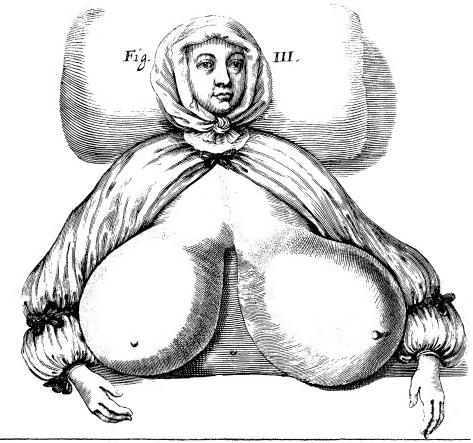


Fig. I. Fig. II.



